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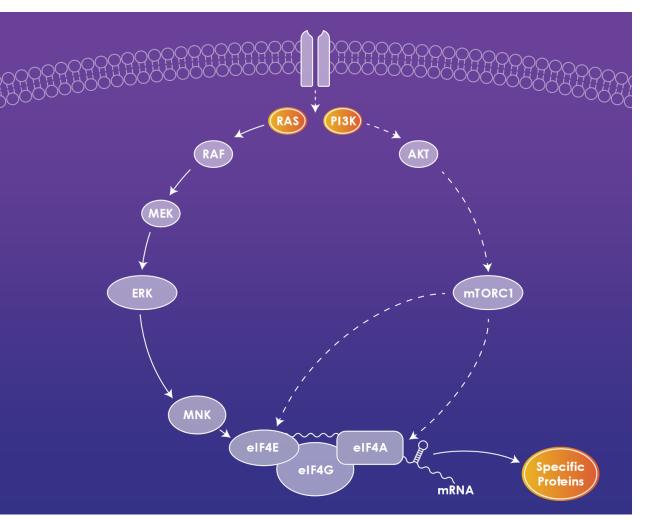


#### **Company Overview**

- Novel therapeutic strategy designed to block overproduction of specific oncoproteins driven by RAS and PI3K signaling
  - Next-generation targeted approach designed to treat tumors not well addressed by drugs that inhibit a single oncogene
  - Underlying technology licensed from UCSF, labs of Drs. Kevan Shokat and Davide Ruggero
- Two wholly owned novel clinical assets
  - Zotatifin: eIF4A inhibitor focused on ER+ BC with positive data presented in 2023 at ASCO and SABCS; finalization of RP2D anticipated in second half of 2024 to enable late-stage development
  - Tomivosertib: MNK inhibitor in an investigator-initiated Phase 1 dose escalation trial evaluating tomivosertib in patients with relapsed/refractory Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)
- Validating partnership with Pfizer
  - \$507M\* partnership on third product candidate, targeting eIF4E
  - Retained option to co-promote and profit share in U.S.
- Cash runway into Q1 2025



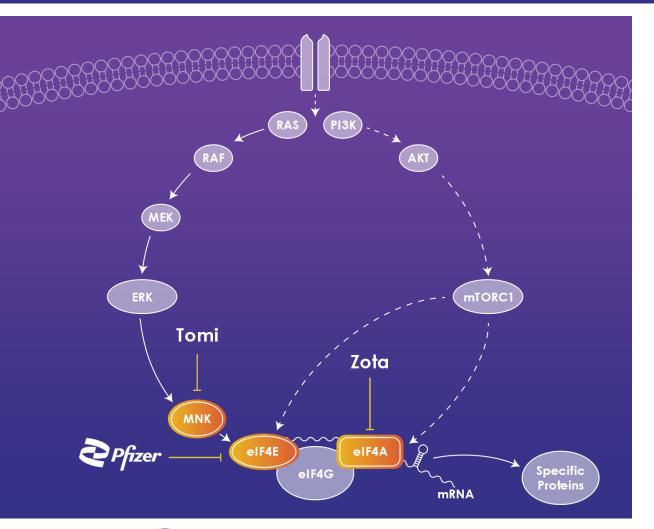
# Oncogenic Signaling Selectively Activates mRNA Translation to Drive Overproduction of Specific Tumor-Promoting Proteins



- Oncogenic signaling pathways, including RAS and PI3K, activate mRNA translation to drive production of specific proteins
- Tumors depend on overproduction of specific proteins for growth, avoidance of apoptosis, and immune evasion
- eFFECTOR is taking the novel approach to block protein overproduction, a key effector function downstream of oncogenic signaling
- Potential benefits to targeting overproduction
  - Certain tumors are acutely dependent on ongoing overproduction of specific proteins
  - Numerous opportunities to combine with agents acting elsewhere in these pathways or in complementary pathways



# Selective Translation Regulator Inhibitor (STRI) Platform: Controlling the Outputs of Tumor-Driving Pathways



- Focused on three targets that drive translation:
  - eIF4A: helicase unwinds RNA secondary structures
  - MNK: kinase phosphorylates RNA-binding proteins
  - o elf4E: binds 5'-cap of mRNA
- Each target controls production of a distinct set of proteins
- eFFECTOR invented novel product candidates with strong intellectual property to address each of the three targets
- STRI platform enabled identification of overproduced proteins and tumor vulnerabilities associated with each product candidate



#### Robust Pipeline: Multiple STRIs in Development

Program (Target)	Discovery	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2a	Phase 2b	Phase 3	Global Rights	Anticipated Milestones
Zotatifin (elF4Ai)	Solid Tumors ER+ BC and KR	AS NSCLC					eFFECTOR	H2 2024 RP2D for ZFA Triplet
External Collaborations								
eIF4Ei	Solid Tumors	mors			<b>₹</b> Pfizer		\$507M deal value with option to co-promote and profit share	
Tomivosertib (MNKi)	Investigator-in in r/r AML	itiated trial at North	nwestern				eFFE©TOR	2024 Initial safety and tolerability data from dose-escalation
Zotatifin (elF4Ai)		itiated trial at Stant operative setting	ford in ER+ HER2- b	reast			effector effector	



## Experienced Leadership Team

Steve Worland, PhD

Founder, President, CEO and Director







Doug Warner, MD, MBA

Chief Medical Officer





Mike Byrnes, MBA

Chief Financial Officer







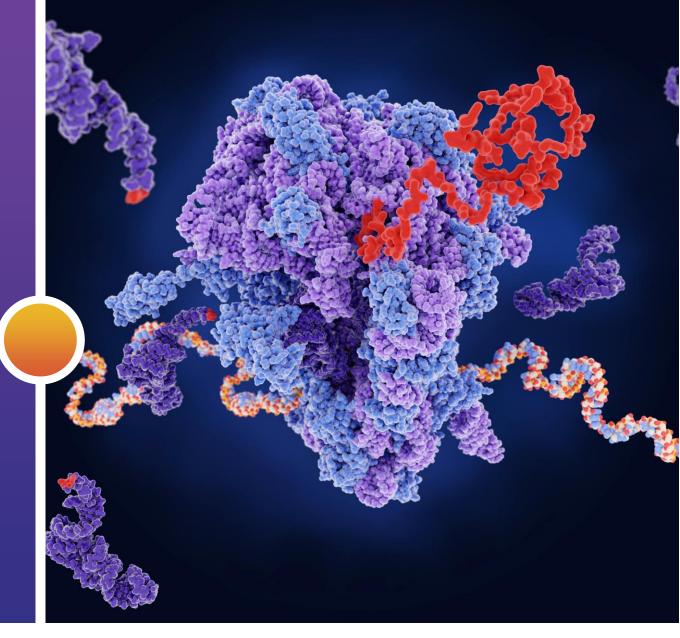
Scientific Advisors	Institution	Expertise	Clinical Advisors/ Key Investigators	Institution	Expertise	
Kevan Shokat, PhD	UCSF, EFTR Co-founder	Translation & KRAS	Kapil Dhingra, MD	Former Roche Oncology	Oncology Development	
Davide Ruggero, PhD	UCSF, EFTR Co-founder	Translation	Sarat Chandarlapaty, MD, PhD	Memorial Sloan Kettering	Oncology Development	
Jennifer Doudna, PhD	UC Berkeley	RNA, CRISPR Co-Inventor	Funda Meric-Bernstam, MD	MD Anderson	Oncology Development	
Joan Brugge, PhD	Harvard	Oncogenic Signaling	Ezra Rosen, MD, PhD	Memorial Sloan Kettering	Oncology Development	
Neal Rosen, MD, PhD	Memorial Sloan Kettering	Oncogenic Signaling	Jennifer Caswell-Jin, MD	Stanford Medicine	Oncology Development	



# Zotatifin

eIF4A Helicase Inhibitor

Designed to suppress a network of key cell cycle proteins and oncoproteins



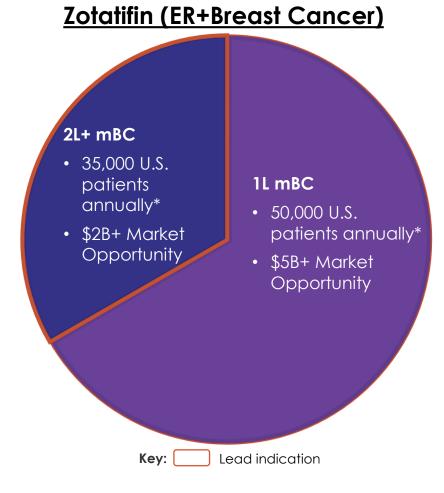


## **Executive Summary of Zotatifin Profile**

- Zotatifin, a potentially first-in-class clinical stage asset with a novel mechanism of action (eIF4Ai) which is complementary to existing/emerging therapies for ER+ metastatic breast cancer (mBC)
  - Options for rational combinations with CDK4/6i, endocrine therapy and PI3K/AKT inhibitors
- Promising efficacy results in ZFA triplet presented at ASCO 2023 and SABCS 2023
  - 5 of 19 (26%) RECIST-evaluable patients had partial responses (PR)
    - 4 confirmed, 1 unconfirmed
  - Median progression-free survival (mPFS) of 7.4 months
  - Efficacy results exceed our expectations for fulvestrant + abemaciclib (FA doublet)
     in such heavily pre-treated patients after CDK4/6, endocrine and/or chemo therapies
- Based on favorable safety, tolerability and pharmacodynamic data at initial RP2D\*, resumed dose escalation with more convenient schedule, dosing every other week (Q2W)



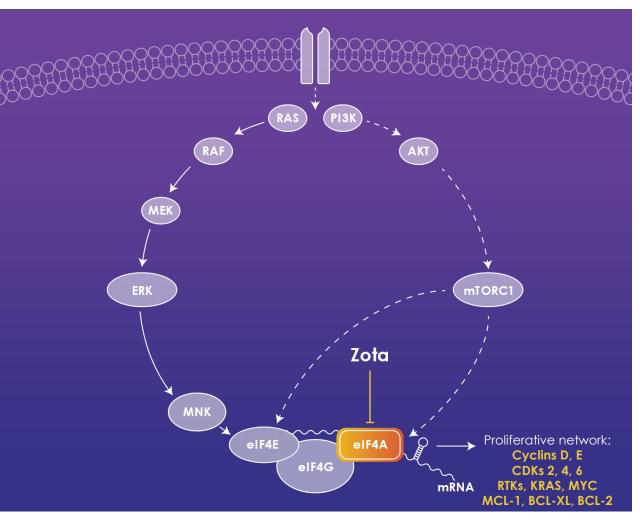
#### Potential Multi-Billion Dollar Indications





mBC: Metastatic Breast Cancer

# Zotatifin Designed to Suppress a Network of Important Tumor-Driving Proteins by Inhibiting eIF4A

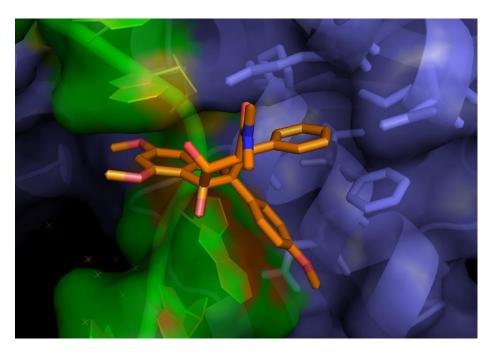


- Cancer signaling activates eIF4A to overproduce a network of tumor promoting proteins
- Zotatifin designed to suppress the network in a single product
- In preclinical studies, zotatifin downregulated a network of cell-cycle proteins and oncoproteins including:
  - o Cyclins D, E and CDKs 2, 4, 6
  - Estrogen receptor (ERa)
  - o RTKs, KRAS and MYC
  - MCL-1, BCL-XL, and BCL-2

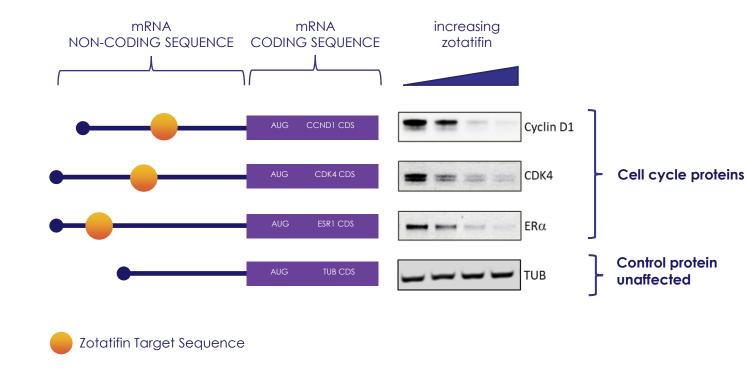


# Preclinical Regulation of Translation by Zotatifin Selectively Suppressed a Specific Set of Cancer Driving Proteins

## Zotatifin selectively bound specific sequences found in the 5' non-coding region of mRNAs encoding certain cancer-driving proteins



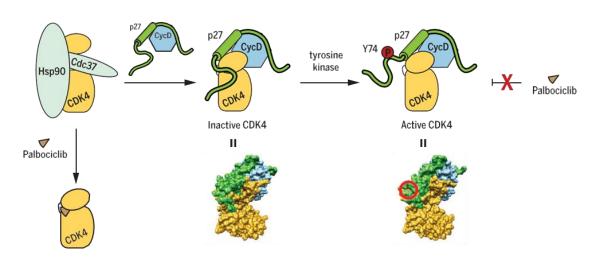
Experimental structure of natural product RocA bound to eIF4A and zotatifin RNA target sequence<sup>1</sup>

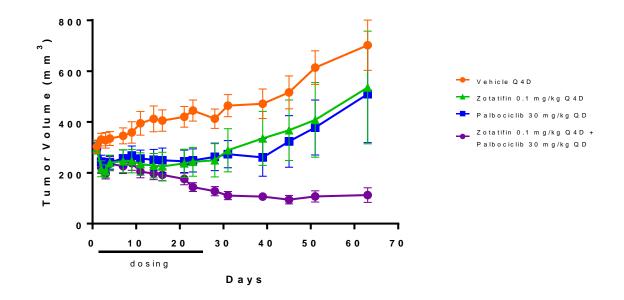


## Zotatifin Downregulation of Cyclin D1 and CDK4/6 Complements CDK4/6 Inhibitors That Target Kinase Subunit

Zotatifin downregulation of Cyclin D1 expected to inhibit formation of Active CDK4

Zotatifin was active in preclinical models of ER+ BC and showed strong combination benefit with palbociclib





Palbociclib, abemaciclib and ribociclib were found to be inactive against the active, phosphorylated trimeric form of p27/D1/CDK4

Guilley, et al Science 2019



## Zotatifin + Fulvestrant + Abemaciclib (ZFA) Triplet Expansion Cohort Trial Description and Patient Characteristics

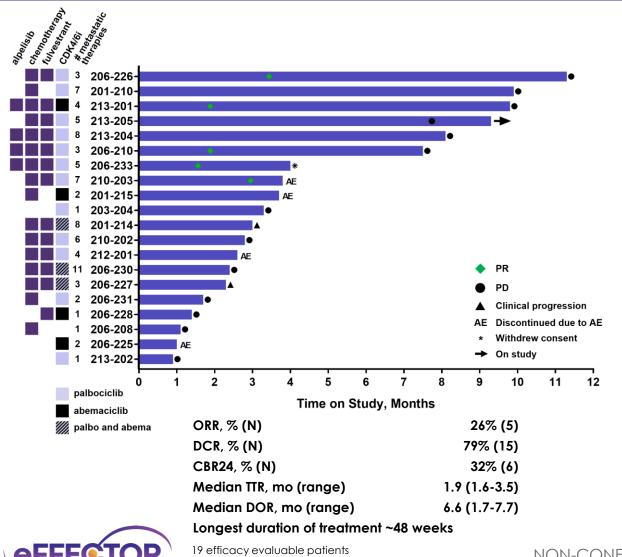
- Phase 2a expansion cohort in ER+ BC in a Simon 2-stage design enrolled 20 patients
- Key eligibility criteria
  - Metastatic disease or locoregionally recurrent ER+ breast cancer
  - Minimum of one prior line of therapy for advanced/metastatic disease
  - Recurrence or progression on at least one line of endocrine therapy in the advanced/metastatic disease setting
- Patients received zotatifin at 0.07 mg/kg on Days 1 and 8 of a 21-day cycle combined with fulvestrant and abemaciclib
- Primary endpoint is objective response rate per RECIST v1.1
- Heavily pretreated patients with a median of 4 prior regimens for metastatic disease
  - 95% received prior CDK4/6 inhibitor
  - 65% received prior fulvestrant
  - 75% received prior chemotherapy including 50% with ≥ 2 prior chemo regimens

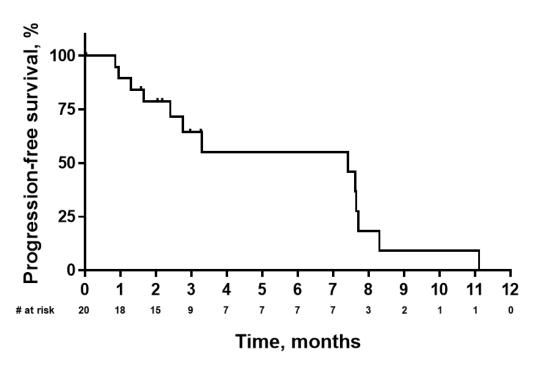


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## Positive Data from ZFA Triplet Expansion Cohort (n=20) **Exceeded our Expectations**



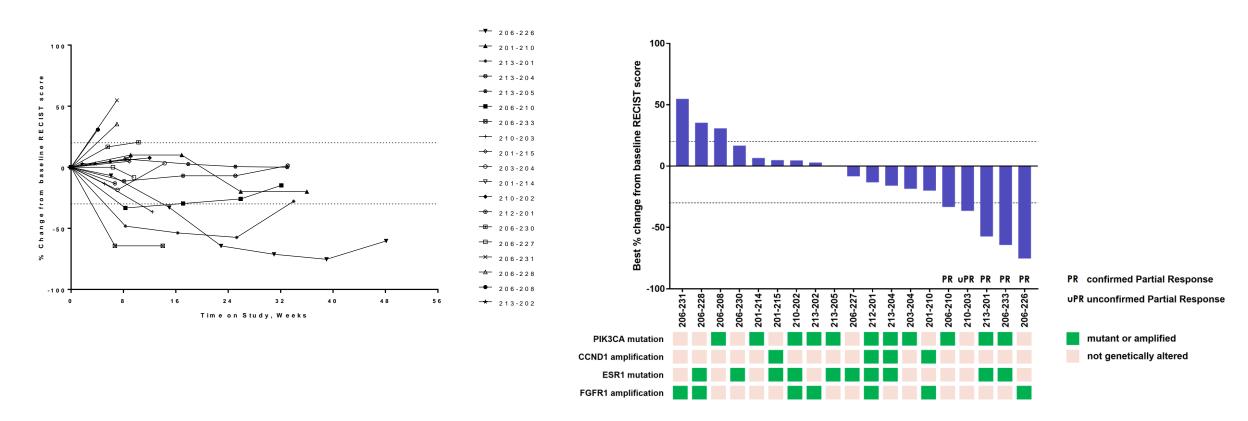


Median PFS, months 7.4 95% CI 2.8 - N.E

N.E., non-estimable



#### Early Responses Observed in ZFA Triplet Expansion Cohort



 PRs seen in patients with and without mutations in PI3K and ESR1, enabling development path in potentially unrestricted patient population



# ZFA Triplet: Summary of Zotatifin-Related Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events (N=20)

Preferred term	All Grades, N (%)	Grade 3 or 4, N (%)	
Nausea	14 (70)	0 (0)	
Vomiting	11 (55)	0 (0)	
Fatigue	10 (50)	0 (0)	
Diarrhea	9 (45)	1 (5)	
Anemia	6 (30)	2 (10)	
Dry mouth	6 (30)	0 (0)	
Peripheral sensory neuropathy	6 (30)	0 (0)	
Dehydration	4 (20)	0 (0)	
Muscle spasms	4 (20)	0 (0)	
Blood creatine phosphokinase increased	4 (20)	2 (10)	
Dysgeusia	4 (20)	0 (0)	
Stomatitis	4 (20)	0 (0)	
Platelet count decreased	3 (15)	1 (5)	
Abdominal pain	3 (15)	0 (0)	
Hypertriglyceridemia	3 (15)	0 (0)	



Zotatifin-related treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs) are defined as AEs that start during or after initiating study therapy, or AEs with an onset prior to initiating study therapy that worsen after study therapy initiation that are considered by the investigator to be potentially related to zotatifin. TEAEs ≥ 15% Incidence are reported by Preferred Term and Maximum Reported CTCAE Grade for Subjects. Percentage is calculated using the number of treated subjects as the denominator.

## **Q2W Dose Escalation Cohorts**

- Based on favorable safety and tolerability data at initial RP2D\*, resumed dose escalation with more convenient schedule, dosing every other week (Q2W)
- ZF doublet RP2D declared as 0.2 mg/kg Q2W
  - Confirmed PR in one patient at 0.1 mg/kg Q2W dose
- ZFA triplet initiated at 0.1 mg/kg Q2W

\*initial RP2D was 0.07 mg/kg dosed on Days 1 and 8 of a 21-day cycle



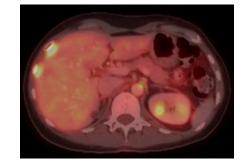
## Early Response in ZF Dose Escalation at 0.1 mg/kg Q2W

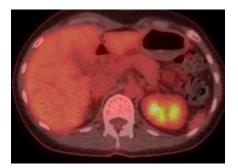
- BRCA2<sup>mut</sup>
- Elimination of detectable ctDNA at Day 32
  - ESR1<sup>mut</sup>, ERBB2<sup>mut</sup>, BRCA2 reversions
- Achieved a PR on first scan which was confirmed on second scan
  - 56% reduction in RECIST score on first scan
  - Such a rapid, deep regression is uncharacteristic of fulvestrant
- 4 lines of prior treatment for mBC
  - o palbociclib + anastrozole
  - trastuzumab deruxtecan
  - o abemaciclib + anastrozole
  - olaparib
- Progressive disease was best response to four prior therapies

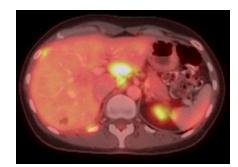
#### **PET SCAN**

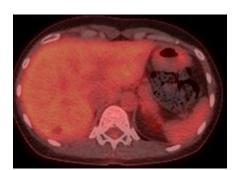
Baseline













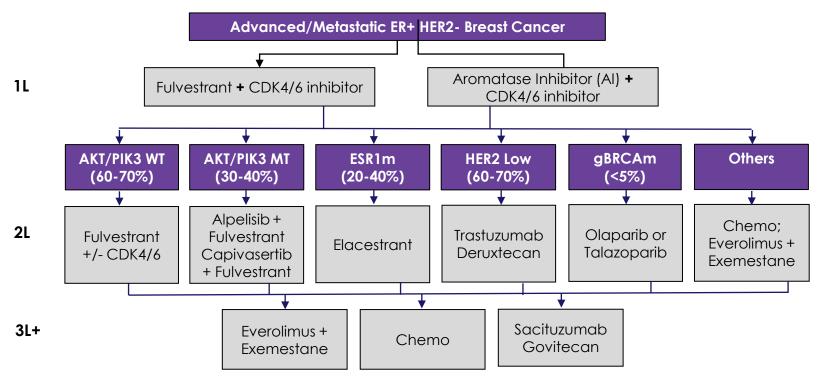
#### Zotatifin Clinical Summary and Development Plan

- Zotatifin has shown compelling efficacy in highly refractory ER+ metastatic breast cancer population (median 4 prior lines of tx) in ZFA triplet
- Robust clinical safety seen across multiple cohorts
- Strong KOL feedback on high unmet need following first line CDK 4/6i and desire to retreat with CDK 4/6i
- Development plans include:
  - Finalization of dose and schedule, with RP2D of ZFA anticipated in H2 2024
  - Evaluate ZFA triplet in randomized trial
    - Use FTD mechanism to align development strategy with FDA
    - Results from Lilly's postMONARCH\* trial, expected at ASCO 2024, will help inform size of potential registration trial



#### Zotatifin Product Development Strategy in ER<sup>+</sup> Breast Cancer

- Seeking to establish zotatifin as a backbone of therapy in 2<sup>nd</sup> line plus ER+ BC
- ZFA triplet, intended to capitalize on synergy with CDK 4/6i, could treat a broad, unrestricted population
- Alternative regimens, e.g. combined with a SERD, PI3Ki or AKTi, could address specific resistant populations



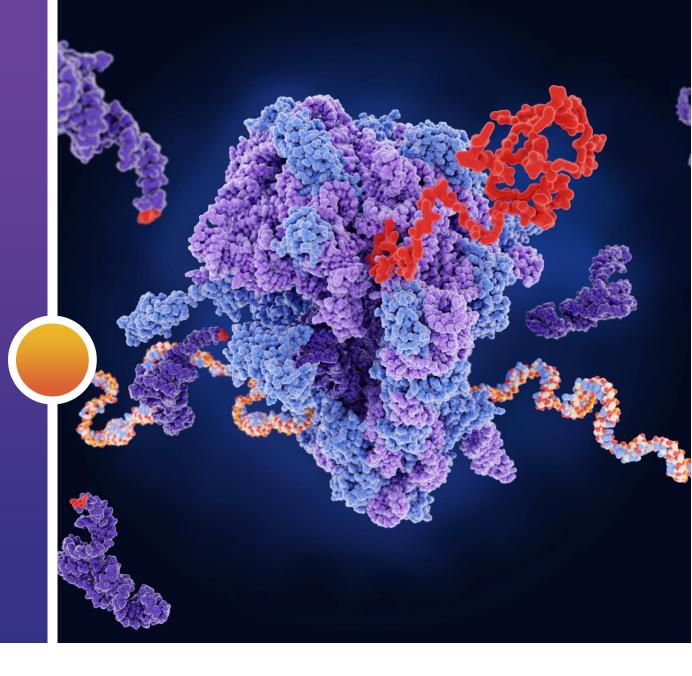
HER2-low defined as HER2 IHC 1+ or IHC 2+/ISH-; gBRCAm = germline BRCA mutant, SERM = selective estrogen receptor modulators, SERD = selective estrogen receptor degrader



## Tomivosertib

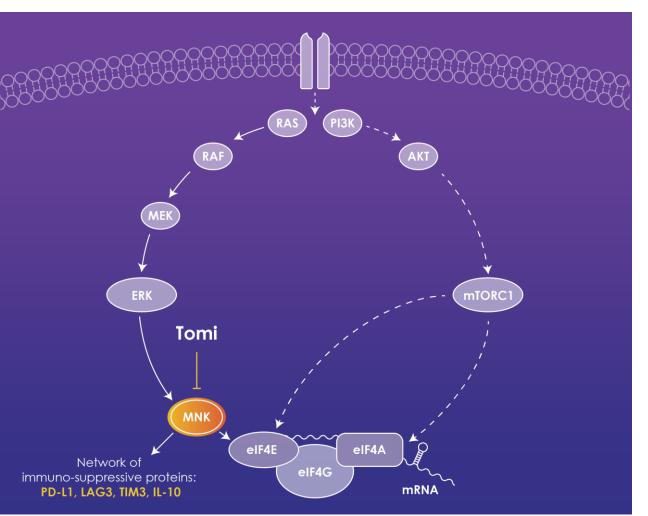
#### **MNK Inhibitor**

Designed to activate and prevent exhaustion of T cells, and block pro-survival signals in AML





# Tomivosertib Designed to Reprogram T Cells to Enhance Anti-tumor Activity in One Pill



- Tomi designed to invigorate the immune response to cancer by inhibiting tumor-driven T cell exhaustion
- Tomi inhibits MNK-dependent overproduction of multiple immunosuppressive proteins
   PD-1, LAG3, TIM3, IL-10
- Tomi increases target cell killing by T cells
- Tomi increases T cell memory pool
- Tomi increases response to checkpoint inhibitors in pre-clinical models



## Tomivosertib Designed to Downregulate Network of Immunosuppressive Proteins in One Pill

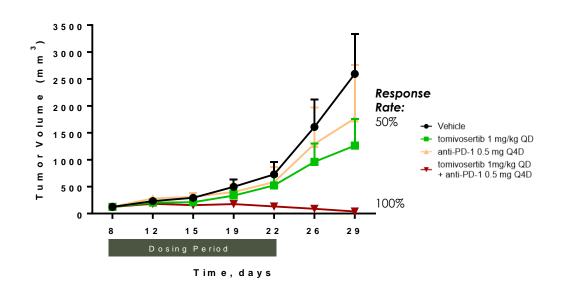
## Tomivosertib downregulated network of immunosuppressive proteins

[Tomivosertib], BM

#### n tro l V ia b ility ၀ -1 B B Activated Immuno-TIM 3 suppressive LAG3 proteins o f IL - 10 10 0.001 0.01 0.1 100

## Tomivosertib Anti-tumor Activity Observed in CT26 Tumors

Single Agent and in Combination with Anti-PD-1





# Tomivosertib: Generally Well Tolerated with Single-Agent Activity\*

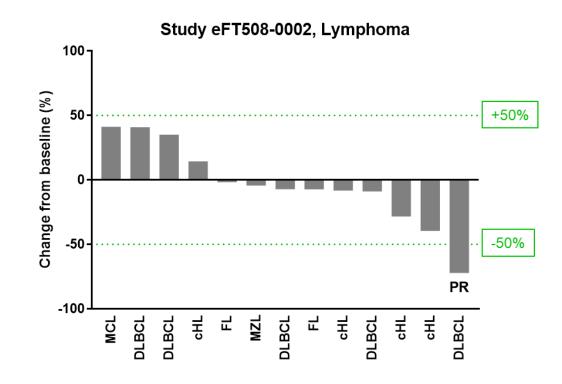
- Tomivosertib was generally well tolerated at the recommended Phase 2 dose (RP2D)
  - Low grade nausea, vomiting and tremors were most common treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs)
- MNK target was 90-100% inhibited at RP2D

P-eIF4E IHC

Baseline, pre-dose

Day 22, on treatment

 Single agent activity was observed in lymphoma patients



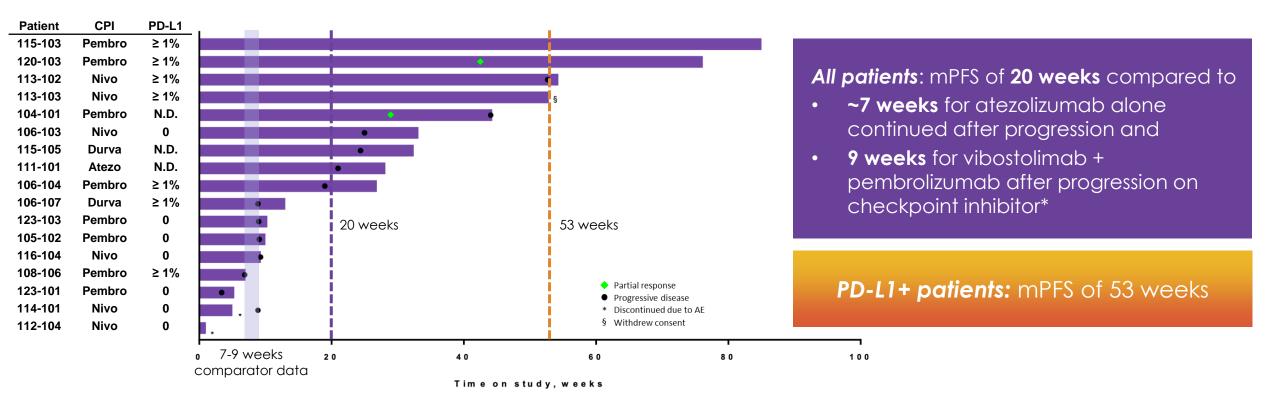


# Tomivosertib Prolonged PFS When Combined with Anti-PD-(L)1 Agents

- Phase 2a trial (N=39)
  - Tomivosertib added on to patients not responding to anti-PD-(L)1 therapy, with no change or break in anti-PD-(L)1 regimen
  - Safety profile when combined with anti-PD-(L)1 agents comparable to anti-PD-L(1) agents alone
- Clinical benefit was most prominent in NSCLC patients (N=17)\*
  - All patients had increasing metastatic disease on anti-PD-(L)1 therapy prior to adding tomivosertib
    - 16 of 17 met RECIST threshold for Progressive Disease
  - 12% ORR compares favorably to 3% for vibostolimab+pembrolizumab in PD-1 refractory setting\*\*
  - Adding tomivosertib substantially improved PFS, particularly in PD-L1+ patients



# Phase 2A: Demonstrated Extended PFS in NSCLC Patients Particularly Enriched in PD-L1+ Patients





\*FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY: Data for atezolizumab from Treatment Beyond Progression (TBP) cohort in OAK trial. Data for vibostolimab+pembrolizumab from trial NCT02964013; Differences exist between trial designs and subject characteristics, and caution should be exercised when comparing data across trials.

# KICKSTART: Randomized, Double-blind, Phase 2b Trial In Treatment-Naïve NSCLC Patients w/ PD-L1 ≥50%



#### Topline data results:

- Hazard ratio for PFS\*: 0.62 (95% confidence intervals 0.3 to 1.3)
- o Two-sided p value for PFS\*: 0.21, which missed the pre-specified threshold of p≤ 0.2
- o Median PFS: 13 weeks in experimental arm vs. 11.7 weeks in control arm
- o OS: immature at data cutoff, no trend favoring tomivosertib observed

#### Additional data analysis and PD response assessment ongoing

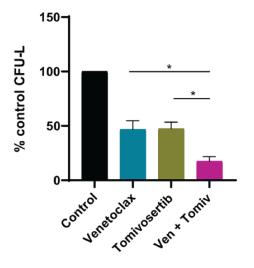
\*PFS hazard ration calculated using a stratified Cox proportional hazard model

<sup>\*</sup>p value calculated using stratified log rank test



#### Tomivosertib in Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)

- MNK activity is associated with AML proliferation and resistance to chemotherapy
- Tomivosertib inhibited colony formation from AML-derived leukemic progenitor cells
- Tomivosertib was synergistic when combined with venetoclax
  - Similar effects seen with other MNK inhibitors combined with azacytidine



Colony formation assay with KG-1 cells 100 nM tomivosertib/100 nM venetoclax

- Investigator-sponsored trial of tomivosertib in AML is being conducted at the Lurie Comprehensive Cancer Center at Northwestern University
  - Part 1 is single agent dose escalation of tomivosertib from 100 mg QD to 100 mg BID in patients with relapsed/refractory AML
  - Part 2 is intended to combine tomivosertib with azacytidine and venetoclax in newly diagnosed patients after dose from Part 1 has been determined



#### Additional Program Opportunities

#### Zotatifin

- Additional combinations in ER+ breast cancer and expansion into other tumor types
- Investigator-initiated clinical trial at Stanford in ER+ HER2- breast cancer in pre-operative setting enrolling

#### elF4E

- Worldwide partnership with Pfizer, up to \$465M in additional milestones to be received plus royalties on sales
- eFFECTOR retained option to co-promote and profit share in the U.S.



## Financial Summary

- Q1 2024 ending cash of \$25.4M expected to fund operations into Q1 2025
- Approximately 4.7M shares outstanding as of April 30, 2024



## Multiple Upcoming Clinical Milestones

Anticipated Milestones		2024		2025	
		1H	2H	1H	2H
Zotatifin	RP2D in ZFA triplet				
	Initiation of randomized trial(s) with ZFA triplet				
Tomivosertib	Initial data from investigator-sponsored trial in AML				



